COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES



Brussels, 29.11.2004 COM(2004) 746 final

Proposal for a

COUNCIL REGULATION

fixing for 2005 and 2006 the fishing opportunities for Community fishing vessels for certain deep-sea fish stocks, and amending Council Regulation (EC) No 2347/2002

(presented by the Commission)

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EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

Deep-sea stocks are fish stocks caught in waters beyond the main fishing grounds of continental shelves. They are distributed on the continental slopes or associated with seamounts. These species are slow-growing and particularly vulnerable to overexploitation.

Interim management measures were put in place by means of Council Regulation No 2340/2002 of 16 December 2002 fixing for 2003 and 2004 the fishing opportunities for deep-sea fish stocks¹ and Council Regulation No 2347/2002 of 16 December 2002 establishing specific access requirements and associated conditions applicable to fishing for deep-sea stocks². It is now necessary to fix the fishing opportunities for 2005 and 2006 based on scientific advice, and to make corresponding adaptations to the specific access requirements by adjusting the power and capacity of the deep-sea fishing fleets to the available fishing opportunities.

New scientific advice from ICES indicates that most exploited deepwater species are harvested unsustainably, and ICES has recommended immediate reductions in established deep-sea fisheries unless they can be shown to be sustainable. No deep-sea fisheries currently meet this criterion.

ICES has advised that the most appropriate conservation measures for these species would be based on effort limitation and reduction. However, restricting catches by means of quota management of fisheries is considered a useful additional step in applying conservation measures.

Due to the urgent requirements for conservation of these species, it is desirable to implement these measures unilaterally while continuing to seek agreement on harmonised measures within the relevant regional fisheries organisation (NEAFC, the North-East Atlantic Fisheries Commission) with the other countries concerned. The fixing and sharing of possibilities for fishing falls exclusively within the competence of the Community. The Community's obligations for sustainable exploitation of living aquatic resources arise from obligations set out in Article 2 of Regulation No 2371/2002 of the Council of 20 December 2002³. Such fishing opportunities should be in accordance with international agreements covering precautionary management and the sustainable use of fisheries resources, *inter alia* the United Nations agreement concerning the conservation and management of straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks.

This proposal is designed to provide fishing opportunities in accordance with scientific advice.

For all the stock covered by this proposal, insufficient data are available to demonstrate the sustainability of the fisheries. New programmes to deliver improved biological monitoring of the stocks have not yet delivered the required information, and in accordance with the precautionary approach, it is appropriate in most cases to reduce fishing opportunities until they can be shown to be sustainable. The approach used in the preparation of this proposal is as follows:

OJ L 356, 31.12.2002, p. 1.

OJ L 351, 28.12.2002, p. 6.

³ OJ L 358, 31.12.2002, p. 59.

- Where scientific advice indicates a need to reduce fishing effort or catches by a specific figure, then that figure is used in the calculation of new fishing opportunities. However, in order to mitigate social and economic disruptions, reductions in Community quotas have been limited to no more than 50% compared with the catch in 2003.
- Where scientific advice indicates a need for a significant reduction in fishing effort or catches but does not specify a particular figure, a 30% reduction in catching opportunities is proposed.
- When calculating Community quotas for 2005 and 2006, Community catch reports for 2003 are used as a baseline for reductions where a quota was established in 2002. In these cases, quotas for member states have been maintained in the same relative proportions as in 2002. Where no quota was in place, an average catches in 2001, 2002 and 2003 and reported to international organisations was used as a baseline where these data were available. In other cases the most recent relevant data were used for reference purposes.
- Where existing quotas are very small (of the order of 50t and intended to cover bycatches) no reductions are proposed in order to avoid creating an obligation to discard.
- Given scientific advice that the exploitation of orange roughy in ICES Division VII is "much too high", a 50 % reduction in quotas is proposed together with a closed area for this species in Division VI (where the stock is heavily depleted). Additional closed areas in international waters are to be discussed within NEAFC.

For Greenland halibut in Areas IIa(EC waters), IV and VI (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries) the Commission also proposes to set a maximum level of catches for the whole area of distribution of the stock. Such a maximum level corresponds to a 30% reduction of catches with respect to the period 2001-2003. In any case, the catch limitations proposed for this area are without prejudice to the relative stability established for this stock in Greenland waters.

This proposal is in accordance with Article 1 of the Fourth Protocol laying down the conditions relating to fishing provided for in the Agreement on fisheries between the European Economic Community, on the one hand, and the Government of Denmark and the local Government of Greenland, on the other⁴, which states that the quotas shall be fixed each year in the light of the available scientific information.

In parallel with the overall reductions in quotas, a 30% reduction in the fishing effort of the fleet permitted to land deep-sea species is proposed, concomitant with scientific advice concerning reduction of effort directed at these species.

⁴ OJ L 237 of 8.7.2004, p. 3.

Proposal for a

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THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2371/2002 of 20 December 2002 on the conservation and sustainable exploitation of fisheries resources under the Common Fisheries Policy⁵, and in particular Article 20 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas:

- (1) Under Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 the Council is to adopt the measures necessary to ensure access to waters and resources and the sustainable pursuit of fishing activities taking into account available scientific advice.
- (2) Under Article 20 of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002, it is incumbent upon the Council to establish fishing opportunities by fishery or group of fisheries and to allocate them in accordance with prescribed criteria.
- (3) The latest scientific advice from the International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (ICES) concerning certain stocks of fish found in the deep sea indicates that those stocks are harvested unsustainably, and that fishing opportunities for those stocks should be reduced in order to assure their sustainability.
- (4) The ICES has further advised that the exploitation rate of orange roughy in ICES Area VII is much too high. Scientific advice further indicates that orange roughy in Area VI is heavily depleted, and areas of vulnerable aggregations of these species have been identified. It is therefore appropriate to prohibit fishing for orange roughy in those areas.
- (5) The Community is a contracting party to the North-East Atlantic Fisheries Convention, which has recommended a limitation on the fishing effort deployed to catch certain deep-sea species. That recommendation should therefore be implemented by the Community.
- (6) In order to ensure effective management of quotas, the specific conditions under which fishing operations occur should be established.

⁵ OJ L 358, 31.12.2002, p. 59.

- (7) The species covered by the specific access conditions concerning fishing for deep-sea fishing should be the same as are covered by catch restrictions for deep-sea species. Greenland halibut should therefore be included among the species that can only be fished by vessels holding a special fishing permit.
- (8) In accordance with Article 2 of Council Regulation (EC) No 847/96 of 6 May 1996 introducing additional conditions for year to year management of TACs and quotas (6), it is necessary to indicate which stocks are subject to the various measures fixed therein.
- (9) Scientific advice from ICES concerning most of the deep-sea species indicates that fishing effort should be reduced. In the absence of specific measures limiting the activity of vessels fishing for deep-sea species, it is therefore appropriate to adjust available effort by adjusting the power and capacity of the fishing fleet in accordance with the scientific advice.
- (10) The measures provided for in this Regulation should be fixed by reference to ICES zones (International Council for the Exploration of the Sea) as defined in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3880/91 of 17 December 1991 on the submission of nominal catch statistics by Member States fishing in the Northeast Atlantic (7) and to CECAF zones (Committee for Eastern Central Atlantic Fisheries) as defined in Council Regulation (EC) No 2597/95 of 23 October 1995 on the submission of nominal catch statistics by Member States fishing in certain areas other than those of the North Atlantic (8).
- The fishing opportunities should be utilised in accordance with the Community (11)legislation on the matter, and in particular with Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1381/87 of 20 May 1987 establishing detailed rules concerning the marking and documentation of fishing vessels (9), Council Regulation (EEC) No 2807/83 of 22 September 1983 laying down detailed rules for recording information on Member States' catches of fish (10), Council Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 of 12 October 1993 establishing a control system applicable to the common fisheries policy(11), Council Regulation (EC) No 88/98 of 18 December 1997 laying down certain technical measures for the conservation of fishery resources in the waters of the Baltic Sea, the Belts and the Sound (12), Council Regulation (EC) No 1627/94 of 27 June 1994 laying provisions concerning special fishing permits (13) down Council Regulation (EC) No 850/98 of 30 March 1998 for the conservation of fishery resources through technical measures for the protection of juveniles of marine organisms (¹⁴).

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⁶ OJ L 115, 9.5.1996, p. 3.

OJ L 365, 31.12.1991, p. 1.

OJ L 270, 13.11.1995, p. 1.

⁹ OJ L 132, 21.5.1987, p. 9.

OJ L 276, 10.10.1983 p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1965/2001 (OJ L 268, 09.10.2001, p. 23).

OJ L 261, 20.10.1993, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 806/2003 (OJ L 122, 16.5.2003, p. 1-35).

OJ L 9, 15.1.1998, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC).

OJ L 171, 6.7.1994, p. 7.

OJ L 125, 27.4.1998, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC).

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1 Subject-matter

This Regulation fixes for 2005 and for 2006, for stocks of deep-sea species and for Community fishing vessels annual fishing opportunities in zones in Community waters and in certain non-Community waters where catch limitations are required, and the specific conditions under which fishing opportunities may be utilised.

Article 2 Definitions

- 1. For the purposes of this Regulation, "deep-sea fishing permit" means the fishing permit referred to in Article 3 of Regulation (EC) 2347/2002.
- 2. The definitions of ICES (International Council for the Exploration of the Sea) and CECAF (Committee for Eastern Central Atlantic Fisheries) zones are those given, respectively, in Regulation (EEC) No 3880/91 and Regulation (EC) No 2597/95.

Article 3 Fixing of fishing opportunities

Fishing opportunities for stocks of deep-sea species for Community vessels are fixed as set out in Annex I.

Article 4 Allocation among Member States

The allocation of fishing opportunities among Member States provided for in Annex I shall be without prejudice to:

- (a) exchanges made pursuant to Article 20(5) of Regulation (EEC) No 2371/2002;
- (b) reallocations made pursuant to Articles 21(4) and 32(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 and Article 23(4) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002;
- (c) additional landings allowed pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 (15);
- (d) quantities withheld pursuant to Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96;
- (e) deductions made pursuant to Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 and Article 23(4) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.

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¹⁵ OJ L 115, 9.5.1996, p. 3.

Article 5

Quota flexibility

For the purposes of Regulation (EC) No 847/96, all quotas in Annex I to the present Regulation shall be considered 'Analytic' quotas.

However, the penalty coefficients provided for in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 847/96 shall not apply to those quotas.

Article 6

Conditions for landing catch and by-catch

Fish from stocks for which fishing opportunities are fixed by this Regulation may be retained on board or landed only if they were taken by vessels of a Member State which has a quota which is not exhausted. All landings shall count against the quota.

The first paragraph shall not apply to catches taken in the course of scientific investigations carried out under Regulation (EC) No 850/98, which shall not count against the quota.

Article 7

Effort limitation

Member States shall ensure for vessels flying their flag that in both 2005 and 2006 the deep sea fishing effort as calculated by the method described in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 2347/2002 does not exceed 70% of the average of the fishing effort in the years 2003 and 2004 as calculated according to that method.

Article 8

Orange Roughy

- 1. The Orange Roughy Protection Areas are defined as the following sea areas:
- (a) that sea area enclosed by rhumb lines sequentially joining the following positions:

57° 00' N, 11° 00' W

57° 00' N, 8° 30' W

55° 00' N, 8° 30' W

55° 00' N, 11° 00' W

57° 00' N, 11° 00' W

- (b) that sea area lying within 40 nautical miles from any point on a rhumb line between positions 54° 10′ N, 11° 30′ W and 54° 30′ N, 11° 30′ W;
- (c) that sea area lying within 40 nautical miles from position 54° 00' N, 13° 00' W;

- (d) that sea area lying within 40 nautical miles from position 53°00'N, 15°00'W.
- (e) that sea area lying within 40 nautical miles from any point on a rhumb line between positions 52° 00′ N, 15° 00′ W and 52° 30′ N, 15° 00′ W;
- (f) that sea area lying within 40 nautical miles from any point on a rhumb line between position 51° 00' N, 15° 00' W and 51° 43' N, 15° 00' W.
 - Those positions and the corresponding rhumb lines and vessel positions shall be measured according to the WGS84 standard.
- 2. Vessels holding a deep-sea fishing permit that have entered an Orange Roughy Protection Area shall not retain on board or tranship any quantity of orange roughy nor shall they land any quantity of orange roughy at the end of any fishing trip during which the vessel has entered the sea area defined in paragraph 1.

Article 9

Amendment to Regulation (EC) No 2347/2002

Regulation (EC) No 2347/2002 shall be amended as follows:

- 1. Article 3 (1) is replaced with the following:
 - " 1. Member States shall ensure that fishing activities which lead to catches and retention on board of more than 10 tonnes each calendar year of deep-sea species and of Greenland halibut by vessels flying their flag and registered in their territory shall be subject to a deep-sea fishing permit.

It shall however be prohibited to catch and retain on board, tranship or to land any aggregate quantity of the deep sea species and of Greenland halibut in excess of 100Kg in each sea trip, unless the vessel in question holds a deep-sea permit."

2. Article 4 is replaced with the following:

"Article 4

Member States shall calculate the fishing effort for deep sea species by the method described in Annex IV for the years 2003 and 2004."

3. Annex II to this Regulation shall be added as Annex IV.

Article 10 Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council The President

ANNEX I

Part 1

Definition of Species and Species Groups

Within each area fish stocks are referred to following the alphabetical order of the Latin names of the species. A table of correspondences of common names and Latin names is given below for the purposes of this Regulation:

Common name	Scientific name
Black scabbardfish	Aphanopus carbo
Greater silver smelt	Argentina silus
Alfonsinos	Beryx spp.
Tusk	Brosme brosme
Roundnose grenadier	Coryphaenoides rupestris
Orange roughy	Hoplostethus atlanticus
Blue ling	Molva dypterigia
Ling	Molva molva
Forkbeards	Phycis blennoides
Red seabream	Pagellus bogaraveo
Greenland halibut	Reinhardtius hippoglossoides

Where reference is made to "deep sea sharks", this shall refer to sharks in the following list of species: Portuguese dogfish (*Centroscymnus coelolepis*), Leafscale gulper shark (*Centrophorus squamosus*), Birdbeak dogfish (*Deania calceus*), Kitefin shark (*Dalatias licha*), Greater lanternshark (*Etmopterus princeps*), Velvet belly (*Etmopterus spinax*), Black dogfish (*Centroscyllium fabricii*), Gulper shark (*Centrophorus granulosus*), Blackmouth dogfish (*Galeus melastomus*), Mouse catshark (*Galeus murinus*), Iceland catshark (*Apristuris spp.*)

Part 2

Annual fishing opportunities applicable for Community vessels in areas where catch limitations exist by species and by area (in tonnes live weight).

All references are to ICES sub-areas unless otherwise stated.

Species:	Deep Sea Sharks	Zone:	V, VI, VII, VIII, IX (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
Germany	82		
Spain	389		
France	1408		
Ireland	10		
Lithuania	10		
Poland	10		
Portugal	530		
United Kingdom	780		
EC	3219		
Species:	Deep Sea Sharks	Zone:	X (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
Portugal	14		
EC	14		
Species:	Deep Sea Sharks and Deania histricosa and Deania profondorum	Zone:	XII (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
Spain	169		
France	54		
Ireland	10		
United Kingdom	10		
EC	243		

Species:	Black scabbardfish	Zone:	I, II, III, IV (Community waters and waters not under
	Aphanopus carbo		the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
Germany	10		
France	10		
United Kingdom	10		
EC	30		
Species:	Black scabbardfish	Zone:	V, VI, VII, XII (Community waters and waters not
	Aphanopus carbo		under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
Germany	22		(1) Exclusively for by-catches. No directed fisheries
Spain	108		are permitted under this quota.
Estonia	19		1
France	1524		
Ireland	55		
Lithuania	1		
Poland	1		
United Kingdom	108		
Others (1)	6		
EC	1965		
Species:	Black scabbardfish	Zone:	VIII, IX, X (Community waters and waters not under
	Aphanopus carbo		the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
Spain	10		
France	25		
Portugal	3162		
EC	3197		
Species:	Black scabbardfish	Zone:	CECAF 34.1.2. (Community waters and waters not
	Aphanopus carbo		under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries.)
Portugal	4285		
EC	4285		

Species:	Greater silver smelt	Zone:	I, II (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Argentina silus		
Germany	31		
France	10		
The Netherlands	25		
United Kingdom	50		
EC	116		
LC	110		
Species:	Greater silver smelt	Zone:	III, IV (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Argentina silus		
Denmark	250		
Germany	3		
France	2		
Ireland	$\frac{2}{2}$		
The Netherlands	12		
Sweden	10		
United Kingdom	5		
EC	284		
Species:	Greater silver smelt	Zone:	V, VI, VII (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Argentina silus		
Germany	170		
France	4		
Ireland	157		
The Netherlands	1773		
	125		
United Kingdom	2229		
EC	2229		
TAC	2229		
Species	Alfonsinos	Zone:	I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XII,
	Beryx spp.		XIV (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
Spain	71		
France	19		
Ireland	19		
	205		
Portugal			
United Kingdom	10		
EC	315		

Species:	Tusk	Zone: I, II, XIV (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Brosme brosme	
Germany France United Kingdom Others (1) EC	10 10 10 5 35	(1) Exclusively for by-catches. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota.
Species:	Tusk	Zone: III (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Brosme brosme	
Denmark Sweden Germany EC	20 10 10 40	
Species:	Tusk Brosme brosme	Zone: IV (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
Denmark Germany France Sweden United Kingdom Others (1) EC	36 11 25 4 54 4 134	(1) Exclusively for by-catches. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota.
Species:	Tusk Brosme brosme	Zone: V, VI, VII (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
Germany Spain France Ireland United Kingdom Others (1) EC	4 13 162 16 78 4 277	(1) Exclusively for by-catches. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota.
Species:	Roundnose grenadier Coryphaenoides rupestris	Zone: I, II, IV, Va (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
Denmark Germany France United Kingdom EC	2 2 14 2 20	

Species:	Roundnose grenadier	Zone:	III (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Coryphaenoides rupestris	5	sovereignty of jurisdiction of time countries)
Denmark	646		
Germany	4		
Sweden	33		
EC	683		
Species:	Roundnose grenadier	Zone:	Vb, VI, VII(Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Coryphaenoides rupestris	5	
Germany	4		(1) Exclusively for by-catches. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota.
Estonia	33		
Spain	37		
France	1887		
Ireland	149		
Lithuania	43		
Poland	22		
United Kingdom	111		
Others(1)	4		
EC	2290		
Species:	Roundnose grenadier	Zone:	VIII, IX, X, XII, XIV(Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third
	Coryphaenoides rupestris	5	countries) and V(Greenland waters)
Germany	47		
Spain	5185		
France	239		
Ireland	10		
United Kingdom	21		
Latvia	83		
Lithuania	10		
Poland	1622		
EC	7217		

Within the limits of the quotas indicated above, catches are limited to the following amounts in waters of ICES Divisions V and XIV under the sovereignty or justisdiction of Greenland:

Germany	pm ⁽¹⁾
United Kingdom	pm ⁽¹⁾
Others	0
EC	pm ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Including pm tonnes transferred by Greenland. (2) Of which pm tonnes are allocated to Norway.

Species:	Orange roughy	Zone:	VI (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Hoplostethus atlanticus		
Spain	10		
France	58		
Ireland	10		
United Kingdom	10		
EC	88		
Species:	Orange roughy	Zone:	VII (Community waters and waters not under the
			sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Hoplostethus atlanticus		
Spain	2		(1) Exclusively for by-catches. No directed fisheries
France	195		are permitted under this quota.
Ireland	57		
United Kingdom	2		
Others (1)	2		
EC	258		
Species:	Orange roughy	Zone:	I, II, III, IV, V, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, XI
			(Community waters and waters not under the
	Hoplostethus atlanticus		sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
Spain	10		
France	52		
Ireland	14		
Portugal	16		
United Kingdom	10		
EC	102		
Species:	Blue ling	Zone:	II, IV, V (Community waters and waters not under
			the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Molva dypterygia		
Denmark	6		(1) Exclusively for by-catches. No directed fisheries
Germany	6		are permitted under this quota.
France	38		
Ireland	6		
United Kingdom	23		
Others (1)	6		
EC	85		
Species:	Blue ling	Zone:	III (Community waters and waters not under the
	Molva dypterygia		sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
		1	
Denmark	10		
Germany	5		
	10		
Sweden EC	10 25		

Species:	Blue ling	Zone:	VI, VII (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Molva dypterygia		
Germany Estonia Spain France Ireland	25 4 77 1760 6		(¹) Exclusively for by-catches. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota.
Lithuania Poland United Kingdom Others(1) EC	1 1 448 6 2328		
Species:	Ling Molva molva	Zone:	I, II (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
-	Motva motva		
Denmark Germany France United Kingdom	10 10 10 10		(1) Exclusively for by-catches. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota.
Others ⁽¹⁾	5		
EC	45		
Species:	Ling	Zone:	III (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Molva molva		
Belgium	6		
Denmark	49		
Germany Sweden	6 19		
United Kingdom	6		
EC EC	86		
Species:	Ling	Zone:	IV (Community waters and waters not under the
	Molva molva		sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
D 1 :	1.1		
Belgium Denmark	11 171		
Germany	106		
France	95		
The Netherlands	4		
Sweden	7		
United Kingdom	1312		
EC	1706		

Species:	Ling	Zone:	V (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
_	Molva molva		
Belgium	14		
Denmark	10		
Germany	10		
France	10		
United Kingdom	10		
EC Kingdom	54		
EC	34		
Species:	Ling	Zone:	VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XII, XIV (Community waters
			and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction
	Molva molva		of third countries)
Belgium	26		
Denmark	5		
Germany	96		
Spain	1931		
France	2059		
Ireland	516		
Portugal	5		
United Kingdom	2369		
EC	7007		
Species:	Red seabream	Zone:	VI, VII, VIII (Community waters and waters not
Species.		Zone.	under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third
	Pagellus bogaraveo		countries)
Spain	101	(1) Exc	clusively for by-catches. No directed fisheries are
France	5		ed under this quota.
Ireland	4	Р	a unur uno que un
United Kingdom	13		
Others(1)	4		
EC	127		
LC	127		
Species:	Red seabream	Zone:	IX (Community waters and waters not under the
			sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Pagellus bogaraveo		
Spain	364		
Portugal	99		
EC	463		
LC	403		
Species:	Red seabream	Zone:	X (Community waters and waters not under the
			sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Pagellus bogaraveo		
Spain	7		
Portugal	734		
United Kingdom	734		
EC	748		
LC	/40		

Species	Forkbeards	Zone:	I, II, III, IV (Community waters and waters not under
	D1		the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
-	Phycis blennoides		_
Germany	10		
France	10		
United Kingdom	16		
EC	36		
Species	Forkbeards	Zone:	V, VI, VII (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Phycis blennoides		the sovereighty of jurisdiction of third countries)
Germany	10		
Spain	603		
France	365		
Ireland	267		
United Kingdom	835		
EC	2080		
Species	Forkbeards	Zone:	VIII, IX (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Phycis blennoides		
~ .	- 1-		
Spain	242		
France	15		
Portugal	10		
EC	267		
Species	Forkbeards	Zone:	X, XII (Community waters and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of third countries)
	Phycis blennoides		
France	10		
Portugal	43		
United Kingdom	10		
EC	63		
United Kingdom	10		

Species:	Greenland Halibut	Zone:	IIa (Community waters) IV, VI (Community waters
	D : 1 1.:		and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction
	Reinhardtius		of third countries)
	hippoglossoides		
Denmark	10		(1) Fishing in VI is restricted to longlines.
Germany	15		(2) To be taken in EC waters of IIa and VI.
Estonia	10		(3) Provisional quota, pending the conclusion of
a :	10		fisheries consultations with Norway for 2005.
Spain	10		
France	137		
Ireland	10		
Poland	10		
United Kingdom	497		
Norway	$145 (^1)(^2)(^3)$		
EC	844		
Species:	Greenland Halibut	Zone:	V, XII, XIV (Greenland waters, Community waters
opecies.	Greemana Tranout	Zone.	
species.		Zone.	and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction
Species.	Reinhardtius	Zone.	
Species.		Zone.	and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction
	Reinhardtius hippoglossoides	Zone.	and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction
Denmark	Reinhardtius hippoglossoides 10	Zone.	and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction
	Reinhardtius hippoglossoides	Zone.	and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction
Denmark Germany Estonia	Reinhardtius hippoglossoides 10 1326	Zone.	and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction
Denmark Germany	Reinhardtius hippoglossoides 10 1326 10	Zone.	and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction
Denmark Germany Estonia Spain	Reinhardtius hippoglossoides 10 1326 10 10	Zone.	and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction
Denmark Germany Estonia Spain France	Reinhardtius hippoglossoides 10 1326 10 10 11	Zone.	and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction
Denmark Germany Estonia Spain France Ireland	Reinhardtius hippoglossoides 10 1326 10 10 11	Zone.	and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction
Denmark Germany Estonia Spain France Ireland Lithuania Poland	Reinhardtius hippoglossoides 10 1326 10 10 10 11 10 10 10	Zone.	and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction
Denmark Germany Estonia Spain France Ireland Lithuania	Reinhardtius hippoglossoides 10 1326 10 10 11 10 11	Zone	and waters not under the sovereignty or jurisdiction

Within the limits of the quotas indicated above, catches are limited to the following amounts in waters of ICES Divisions V and XIV under the sovereignty or justisdiction of Greenland:

Germany	pm (1)
United Kingdom	pm ⁽¹⁾
Others	0
EC	pm ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Including pm tonnes transferred by Greenland. ⁽²⁾ Of which pm tonnes are allocated to Norway.

ANNEX II

Calculation of fishing effort

- 1. Member States shall determine, for each vessel flying its flag and having held a deep-sea licence in the year in question, the total installed engine power in kilowatts measured in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) No 2930/86 of of 22 September 1986 defining characteristics for fishing vessels¹⁶. Member States shall also determine the number of days within each year that each vessel held a deep-sea fishing licence as described in Council Regulation 2347/2002.
- 2. The deep sea fishing effort for each vessel shall be calculated as the number of days a deep-sea fishing licence was held multiplied by the total installed engine power in kilowatts.
- 3. The deep sea fishing effort for each Member State shall be calculated as the sum of the deep sea fishing effort for all the vessels flying the flag of that Member State.

OJ L 274, 25.9.1986, p. 1. Regulation as amended by Regulation (EC) No 3259/94 (OJ L 339, 29.12.1994, p. 11).