Proposal for a Council Directive amending Directive 68/414/EEC imposing an obligation on Member States of the EEC to maintain minimum stocks of crude oil and/or petroleum products

(98/C 160/09)

(Text with EEA relevance)

COM(1998) 221 final — 98/0137(CNS)

(Submitted by the Commission on 15 April 1998)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 103a(1) thereof;

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission;

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament;

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee;

Whereas the Council has adopted the Directive of 20 December 1968 (1) imposing an obligation on Member States of the European Economic Community to maintain minimum stocks of crude oil and/or petroleum products;

Whereas imported crude oil and petroleum products continue to play an important role in the Community's energy supplies; whereas any difficulty, even temporary, having the effect of reducing supplies of such products, or significantly increasing the price thereof on international markets, could cause serious disturbances in the economic activity of the Community; whereas the Community must be in a position to offset or at least to diminish any harmful effects in such a case; whereas it is necessary to update Directive 68/414/EEC adapting it to the reality of the internal market of the Community and the evolution of the oil markets;

Whereas in Directive 73/238/EEC of 24 July 1973 (²), the Council decided upon appropriate measures — including drawing on oil stocks — to be taken in the event of difficulties in the supply of crude oil and petroleum products to the Community; whereas Member States have undertaken similar obligations in the Agreement on an 'International Energy Programme' (³);

Whereas it is important that the security of oil supply is enhanced;

Whereas it is necessary that the organisational arrangements for oil stocks ensure the smooth running of the internal market;

Whereas the provisions of this Directive do not affect the full application of the Treaty, in particular the provisions concerning the internal market and competition;

Whereas, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity and in accordance with the principle of proportionality such as stipulated in Article 3b of the Treaty, the objective of maintaining a high level of security of oil supply in the Community through reliable and transparent mechanisms based on solidarity amongst Member States and, at the same time, complying with the rules of the internal market and competition, can be carried out more adequately at the level of the Community; whereas therefore this Directive is limited to the minimum requirements to achieve this objective and does not exceed what is necessary to this end;

Whereas it is necessary that stocks are at the disposal of Member States should difficulties in oil supply arise;

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 308, 23.12.1968, p. 14; Directive last amended by Directive 72/425/EEC (OJ L 291, 28.12.1972, p. 154).

⁽²) OJ L 228, 16.8.1973, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ As last amended on 7th August 1992.

whereas Member States must possess the powers and the capacity to control the use of stocks so that they can be made available promptly for the benefit of the areas which most need oil supplies;

Whereas organisational arrangements for the maintenance of stocks must ensure the stocks' availability and their accessibility to the consumer;

Whereas it is appropriate that organisational arrangements for the maintenance of stocks are transparent, ensuring a fair and non-discriminatory sharing of the burden of the stock-holding obligation; whereas, therefore, the cost of holding oil stocks should be identified in the final price of the oil products sold in the market concerned;

Whereas, in order to organise the maintenance of stocks as indicated avove, Member States may have recourse to a system based on a stockholding body or entity which will hold all, or part, of the stocks making up their stockholding obligation; whereas the balance, if any, should be maintained by refiners and other market operators; whereas partnership between the Government and the industry is essential to operate efficient and reliable stockholding mechanisms;

Whereas high national production contributes in itself to security of supply; whereas the oil market evolution can justify a higher maximum derogation from the obligation to maintain oil stocks for Member States with indigenous oil production;

Whereas it is appropriate to adopt approaches which are already followed by the Community and the Member States within their international obligations and agreements; whereas, owing to changes in the pattern of oil consumption, international aviation bunkers have become an important component of this consumption; whereas these bunkers are part of inland consumption;

Whereas there is a need to adapt and simplify the Community statistical reporting mechanism concerning oil stocks;

Whereas oil stocks can, in principle, be held anywhere in the Community and, therefore, it is appropriate to facilitate the establishment of stocks outside national territory; whereas it is necessary that decisions for holding stocks outside national territory are taken by the Government of the Member State concerned according to its needs and supply security considerations; whereas in the case of 'delegated' stocks, more detailed rules are

needed to guarantee their availability and accessibility in the event of oil supply difficulties;

Whereas it is appropriate to strengthen the administrative supervision of stocks and establish efficient mechanisms for the control and verification of stocks; whereas a regime of sanctions is necessary to impose such a control;

Whereas Council Directive 72/425/EEC of 19 December 1972 raised from 65 to 90 days the reference period appearing at the first indent of Article 1 of Directive 68/414/EEC and foresaw the conditions to implement this increase; whereas the provisions of that Directive have become obsolete by this Directive; whereas Directive 72/425/EEC must therefore be repealed;

Whereas it is appropriate to inform the Council on a regular basis of the situation concerning security stocks in the Community;

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1

Directive 68/414/EEC is amended as follows:

1. Article 1 is replaced by the following text:

'Article 1

- 1. Member States shall adopt such laws, regulations or administrative provisions as may be appropriate in order to maintain within the territory of the European Community at all times, subject to the provisions of Article 7, their stocks of petroleum products at a level corresponding, for each of the categories of petroleum products listed in Article 2, to at least 90 days' average daily internal consumption in the preceding calendar year.
- 2. That part of internal consumption met by derivatives of petroleum produced indigenously by the Member State concerned may be deducted up to a maximum of 25 % of the said consumption.'
- 2. Article 2 is deleted.
- 3. Article 3 becomes Article 2 and is supplemented by the following paragraph:

'Bunker supplies for sea-going vessels shall not be included in the calculation of internal consumption. Bunker supplies for international aviation shall be included in the calculation of internal consumption'.

4. Article 3 hereafter is inserted:

'Article 3

1. Stocks maintained according to Article 1 shall be fully at the disposal of Member States should difficulties arise in obtaining oil supplies. Member States shall ensure they have the legal powers to control the use of stocks in such circumstances.

At all other times, Member States shall ensure the availability and accessibility of these stocks; they shall establish arrangements allowing for the identification, accounting and control of the stocks.

2. Member States shall ensure that fair and non-discriminatory conditions apply in their stockholding arrangements.

The cost burden resulting from the maintenance of stocks according to Article 1 shall be identified by transparent arrangements in the final product price of the oil products concerned. In case stocks are maintained solely by commercial undertakings, the stockholding cost burden may be indicative.

3. To fulfil the requirements of paragraphs 1 and 2, Member States may decide to have recourse to a stockholding body or entity which will be responsible for holding all or part of the stocks.

Two or more Member States may decide to have recourse to a joint stockholding body or entity. In that case they shall be jointly responsible for the obligations deriving from this Directive.'

5. Article 4 is replaced by the following text:

'Article 4

Member States shall submit to the Commission a statistical summary showing stocks existing at the end of each month, drawn up in accordance with Articles 5 and 6 and specifying the number of days of average consumption in the preceding calendar year which those stocks represent. This summary must be submitted at the latest by the 25th day of the second month after the month to be reported.

The annual consumption, upon which the new stockholding obligation is calculated, shall change on 31 March every year.

In the statistical summary, stocks of jet fuel of the kerosene type shall be reported separately under category II.'

6. Article 5 is replaced by the following text:

'Article 5

Stocks required to be maintained by Article 1 may be maintained in the form of crude oil and intermediate products, as well as in the form of finished products.

In the statistical summary of stocks provided for in Article 4, finished products shall be accounted for according to their actual tonnage; crude oil and intermediate products shall be accounted for:

- in the proportions of the quantities for each category of product obtained during the preceding calendar year from the refineries of the State concerned; or
- on the basis of the ratio between the total quantity manufactured during the preceding calendar year in the State concerned of products covered by the obligation to maintain stocks and the total amount of crude oil used during that year; the foregoing shall apply to not more than 40% of the total obligation for the first and second categories (petrol and gas oils), and to not more than 50% for the third category (fuel oils).

Blending components, when intended for processing into the finished products listed in Article 2, may be substituted for the products for which they are intended.'

- 7. Article 6 is amended as follows:
 - (a) Paragraph 1 is replaced by the following text:
 - '1. When calculating the level of minimum stocks provided for in Article 1, only those quantities which would be held in accordance with Article 3 shall be included in the statistical summary.'
 - (b) Paragraph 2 is replaced by the following text:
 - '2. For the purposes of implementing this Directive, stocks may be established, under individual agreements between Governments, within the territory of a member State for the account of undertakings established in another Member State.

In such cases, the Member State on whose territory the stocks are held under the framework of such an agreement shall not oppose the transfer of these stocks to the other Member States for the account of which stocks are held under that agreement; it shall keep a check on such stocks in accordance with the procedures specified in that agreement but shall not include them in its statistical summary. The Member State

on whose behalf the stocks are held may include them in its statistical summary.

Together with the statistical summary provided for by Article 4, each Member State shall send a report to the Commission concerning the stocks maintained within its own territory for the benefit of another Member State, as well as the stocks held in other Member States for its own benefit. In both cases, the storage locations, quantities and product category — or crude oil — stored will be indicated in the report.

Drafts of the agreements mentioned in the first subparagraph shall be sent to the Commission, which may make its comments known to the Governments concerned. The agreements, once concluded, shall be notified to the Commission, which shall make them known to the other Member States.

Any Member State which decides not to maintain stocks in another Member State within the framework of such agreements shall inform the Commission about the reasons for such a decision.

Agreements shall satisfy the following conditions:

- they must relate to crude oil and to all petroleum products covered by this Directive;
- they must lay down conditions and arrangements for the maintenance of stocks with the aim of safeguarding control and availability of these stocks;
- they must specify the procedures for checking and identifying the stocks provided for;
- they must as a general rule be concluded for an unlimited period;
- they must state that, where provision is made for unilateral termination, the latter shall not operate in the event of a supply crisis and that, in any event, the Commission shall receive prior information of any termination.

When stocks established under such agreements are not owned by the undertaking, or body/entity, which has an obligation to hold stocks, but are delegated to this undertaking, or body/entity,

by another undertaking, or body/entity, the following conditions shall be met:

- the beneficiary undertaking, or body/entity, must have the contractual right to acquire these stocks during the delegation period; the methodology for establishing the price of such acquisition must be agreed between the parties concerned;
- the minimum delegation period must be 90 days;
- storage location, quantity and category of product, or crude oil, stored in that location must be specified.'
- (c) Paragraph 3, second indent, is replaced by the following text:

'Consequently the following shall, in particular, be excluded from the statistical summary: indigenous crude oil not yet extracted; supplies intended for the bunkers of sea-going vessels; supplies in direct transit apart from the stocks referred to in paragraph 2; supplies in pipelines, in road tankers and rail tank-wagons, in the storage tanks of retail outlets, and those held by small consumers. Quantities held by the armed forces and those held for them by the oil companies shall also be excluded from the statistical summary.'

8. Article 6a hereafter is inserted:

'Article 6a

Member States shall adopt all the necessary provisions and take all the necessary measures to ensure control and supervision of stocks. They shall put in place mechanisms to verify the stocks according to the provisions of this Directive.'

9. Article 6b hereafter is inserted:

'Article 6b

Member States shall determine the sanctions applicable to the violation of the national provisions made pursuant to this Directive, and shall take any measure necessary to ensure the implementation of these provisions. Sanctions must be effective, proportional and dissuasive. Member States shall notify these provisions to the Commission at the latest on 31 December 1999, as well as any later modification concerning them, as soon as possible.'

Article 2

Directive 72/425/EEC is hereby repealed as from 31 December 1999.

Article 3

- 1. Member States shall adopt and publish the necessary measures to comply with this Directive before 31 December 1999. They shall inform the Commission immediately thereof. They apply these provisions as from 1 January 2000.
- 2. When Member States adopt these provisions, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or shall be

accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. The methods of making such reference shall be laid down by Member States.

Article 4

The Commission shall submit regularly to the Council a report on the situation concerning stocks in the Community, as required by Directive 68/414/EEC. The first report shall be submitted to the Council during the second year following the date stipulated in Article 3(1).

Article 5

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.